

What You Need To Know About How Payers Define Value

Key Insights and Discussion Guide
Founding Partners Forum

Advisors to our work

The Medical Affairs Leadership Council is grateful to the individuals and organizations that shared their insights, analysis, and time with us. We would especially like to recognize the following organizations for being particularly generous with their time and expertise.

With sincere appreciation

Health Plans:

Aetna
Blue Cross Blue Shield of South Carolina
Community Health Choice, Inc.
Geisinger Health Plan
Group Health Cooperative of South Central Wisconsin
Health Alliance Plan
Health Care Service Corporation (Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Illinois, Montana, New Mexico, Oklahoma & Texas)
Health New England, Inc.
HealthNow (BlueCross BlueShield of Western New York)
Humana
Independent Health Association, Inc.
L.A. Care Health Plan
Moda Health
Tufts Health Plan
United Healthcare
Washington State Health Care Authority

Technology Assessment Firms:

AHRQ
ECRI Institute
ICER
IPD Analytics
LindaCare
Lumere
MCG Health
SharedClarity

Industry Advisors:

Centura Health
Froedert Health
Lewin Group
OptumInsight
OptumRx

Into the Mind of the Payer Research Overview

Research Scope:

The purpose of this research initiative is to understand how different health plans evaluate drugs and devices relative to acceptable treatment alternatives under rapidly evolving payment models and definitions of value.

Key Questions:

- What value drivers matter most when deciding formulary inclusion and medical benefit coverage?
- What sources and types of medical evidence are most useful when assessing the value of drugs and devices?
- Are health plans willing to collaborate with life science firms to expand how value is measured and defined moving forward?

Research Methodology:

Our research targets a variety of health plans offering Medicaid, Medicare Advantage, employer-sponsored and individual plans, including:

- National health plans (>9M lives)
- Blues health plans (Affiliated with the BlueCross BlueShield Association)
- Large (>75K lives) and small (30K-75K lives) regional health plans
- Large (>75K lives) and small (30K-75K lives) provider-sponsored health plans

It also includes perspectives from specialists who influence decision-making, including actuaries, Health Tech Assessment organizations, PBMs, value-based contracting leaders, market access leaders, and federal regulators.

To date, our research includes perspectives from 18+ health plan executives and 20+ experts who influence payer decision making.

Interviews with health plan **C-suite Medical Leaders** and **Functional and Clinical Directors** to learn:

- Who will participate in and influence the decision-making process in light of new, complex therapies and procedures?
- How will a shift towards precision medicine impact what is accepted as high-quality medical evidence?
- How do plans envision collaborating with life sciences firms and are there any examples of this work to date?
- What circumstances shift standard decision-making processes (e.g., therapeutic area, plan type, product life cycle, therapy type)?
- What analyses are performed internally versus outsourced externally today; how will this change 3-5 years from now?
- What is the relative value of different sources of data and real world evidence at different points in decision-making processes?

Into the mind of the payer

Headlines reflect two critical pain points of health plan medical leaders

1 DRUG PRICES

NPR

“As Drug Costs Soar, People Delay Or Skip Cancer Treatments”

The New York Times

“Drug Goes From \$13.50 a Tablet to \$750, Overnight”



\$329B

Total prescription drug expenditures, 2016

≈21%

Percentage of industry EBITDA¹ in pharma and biotech, 2016

2 HOSPITAL PRICES

Vox

“She Didn’t Get Treated At The ER. But She Got A \$5,751 Bill Anyway”

STAT

“An Outrageous Hospital Charge: I Paid \$710 For An Hour Of Babysitting”



\$1.1T

Total hospital expenditures, 2016

≈22%

Percentage of industry EBITDA in inpatient acute care, 2016

Source: Szabo L, “As Drug Costs Soar, People Delay or Skip Cancer Treatments,” NPR, March 15, 2017; Pollack A, “Drug Goes from \$13.50 a Tablet to \$750, Overnight,” The New York Times, September 20, 2015; Kiff S, “She Didn’t Get Treated at the ER. But She Got a \$5,751 Bill Anyway,” Vox, May 1, 2016; Cortes A, “An Outrageous Hospital Charge: I Paid \$710 For an Hour of Babysitting,” STAT, April 12, 2017; CMS, National Health Expenditure Data; Singhal S, Latko B, and Martin C, “The Future of Healthcare: Finding the Opportunities That Lie Beneath the Uncertainty,” McKinsey&Company, January 2018; Advisory Board Research interviews and analysis.

¹ Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization.

What keeps plans up at night?

Key strategic objectives for health plans

<i>Objective</i>	<i>Levers and considerations</i>	<i>Current playbook</i>
 Grow and retain membership	Premiums, out-of-pocket costs, network composition, benefits, quality rating, member satisfaction	Appeal to purchasers with plan designs that prioritize member convenience, usability in coverage and care
 Contract efficient, high-quality providers	Provider contracting, market consolidation, quality incentives, regional supply and labor costs	Align perceptions of value and financial incentives with provider networks and individual HCPs to manage population health
 Drive appropriate utilization	Consumer behavior, preventive care, care management, access, site of care differences	Shift financial risk and build support infrastructure to encourage members to use services effectively

Purchaser needs driving payer perceptions of value

Plan identity is shifting from care financier to patient navigator

<i>Customer</i>	 Individuals	 Employers	 Medicare Advantage	 Medicaid
<i>Market share*</i>	8%	60%	8%	24%
<i>Trend</i>	Number of exchange plans declining due to low profitability	Increasingly self-funding in response to cost pressures	Rapidly growing, with enrollment expected to nearly double by 2025	Federal funding set to phase down
<i>New plan role</i>	 Utility	 Concierge	 Social Support	 Gatekeeper

* Numbers are approximate.

Source: Highlights Report, AIS's Directory of Health Plans, Managed Markets Insight & Technology LLC, May 2019; Health Insurance of the Total Population, Henry J Kaiser Family Foundation, 2017; "A Dozen Facts About Medicare Advantage," Henry J Kaiser Family Foundation, November 13, 2018; Advisory Board Research Interviews and analysis.

Payment models designed to shift network behavior

Non-compliant providers risk being shut out of network

CASE EXAMPLE

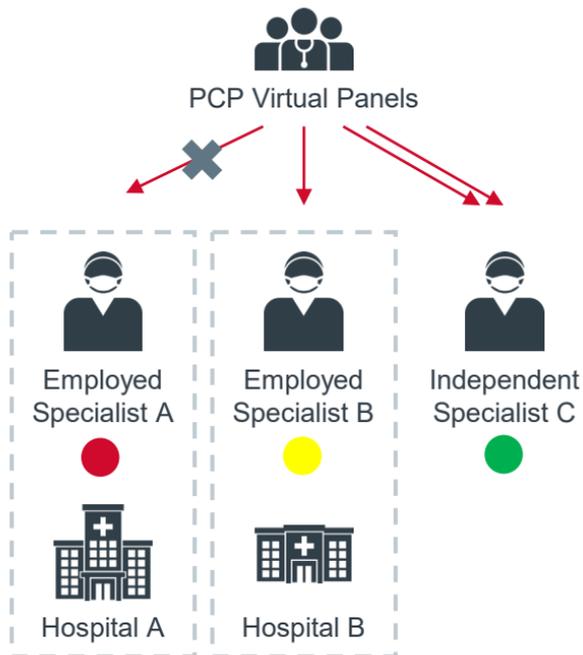


CareFirst BlueCross BlueShield

3.4 million member non-for-profit health services company • Maryland, Washington D.C., northern Virginia

- Operates a Patient-Centered Medical Home (PCMH) program providing opportunities for virtual panels of 10-15 PCPs to earn bonuses based on quality and total cost metrics
- Provides PCPs with color-coded rankings of specialists based on risk-adjusted PMPM costs
- Panel shares in savings if risk-adjusted PMPM cost is below set target

Specialists color-coded by total cost



90% Of eligible PCPs now participate (4,379 providers in 430 Panels)

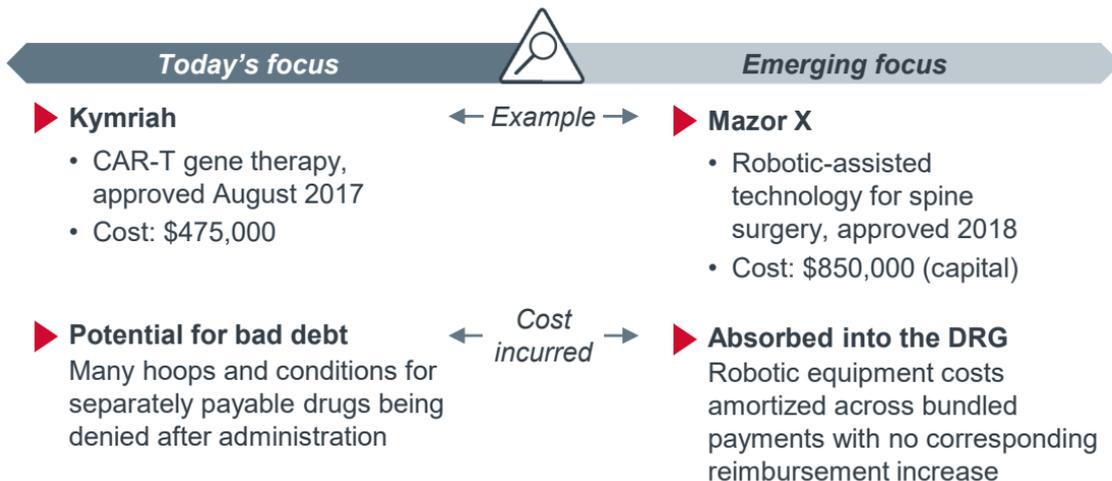
\$1.2B Savings from PCMH program since 2011

Source: "CareFirst Patient-Centered Medical Home Program Nets \$1.2B In Savings Since 2011," CareFirst BlueCross BlueShield, June 27, 2018; "Patient-Centered Medical Home 2017 Program Performance Report," CareFirst BlueCross BlueShield, 2017; Advisory Board Research interviews and analysis.

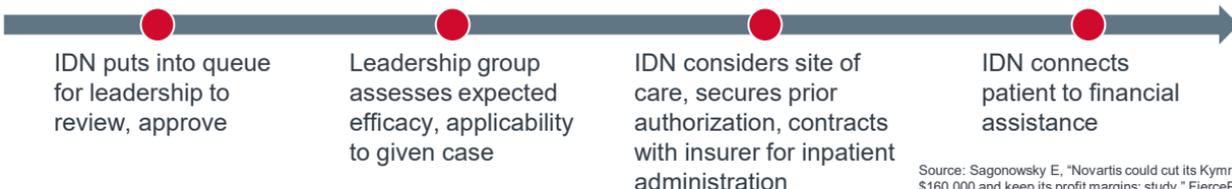
1) Per member per month.

Higher prices raise the stakes on utilization controls

Payers, especially integrated networks, recognize rising financial risk



Triggered response: Case-by-case utilization reviews for high-stakes treatments



Source: Sagonowsky E, "Novartis could cut its Kymriah price to \$160,000 and keep its profit margins: study," FiercePharma, February 2018; Al Idrus A, "Mazor picks up \$20M from Medtronic as it launches spine surgery robot," FierceBiotech, July 2016; Advisory Board Research interviews and analysis.

How payers think about value

Insights on the current and future state of medical value

1

How do payers define value?

Three dynamic elements of the **local ecosystem** **shape how payers perceive value** 'priorities' and their ability to influence appropriate use

2

How do they assess value?

In light of medical innovation—and its complexity—payers are building **new capabilities and bringing in new perspectives** to drive 'smarter' decisions

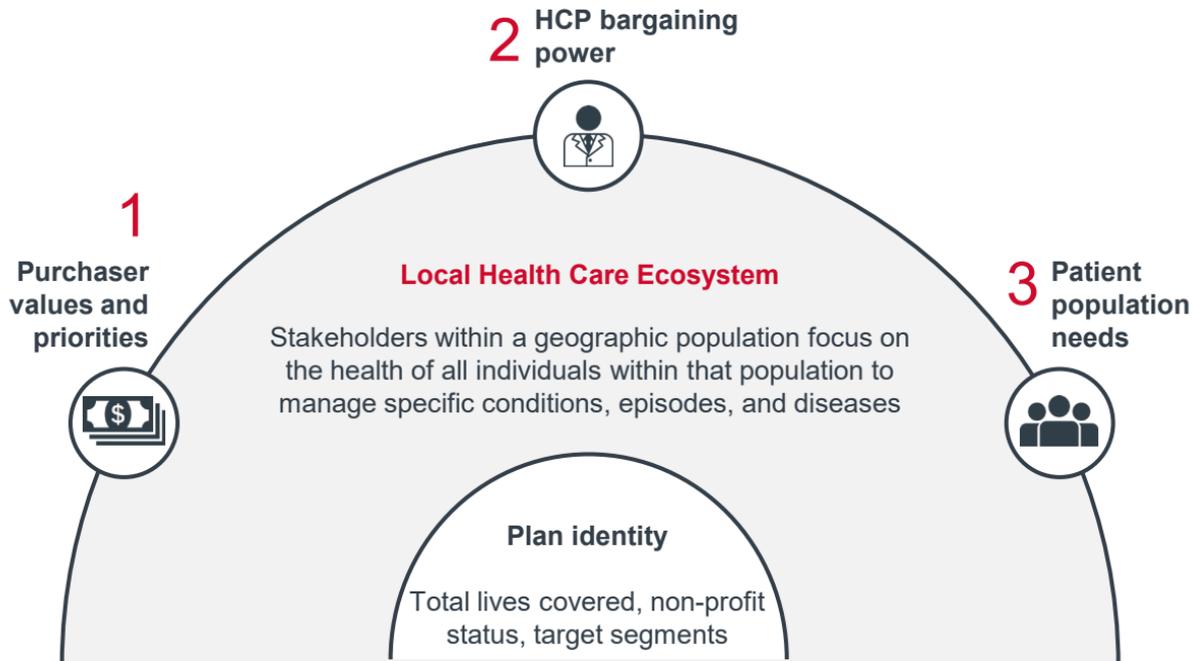
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How will the value framework evolve?

Complex questions about the role of payers in value delivery amid changing payment models, market dynamics and political uncertainty **will shape value discussions 3-5 years** from now

Local ecosystems shape value 'priorities'

Three factors beyond traditional plan identity influence decision-making



Key purchaser attributes greatly inform benefit design

Trend toward activist purchasers looking to inflect cost *and* user experience

FACTORS SHAPING EMPLOYERS' DEMANDS

War for talent

Competition for specialized, in-demand talent often pressures employers to offer more generous benefit packages – typically with wide networks, open formularies, and broad coverage

Tolerance for administrative burden

Some employers want to minimize any UM¹, coverage restrictions, or financial assistance programs (including co-pay coupons) that increase process steps for providers and patients

Industry margins

Employers in industries facing long-term cost pressures (e.g., manufacturers, retailers, health systems) prefer closed benefit designs, narrow networks and more PAs² to reduce spend

Regional and cultural perspectives

Local, cultural influences inform employers' desire to cover specific "optional" services such as family planning, HIV prevention, alternative medicine, or nutrition

STATE PREFERRED MEDICATION LISTS

CASE EXAMPLE



Washington State Health Care Authority

2M+ members; largest health care purchaser in Washington

- On January 1, 2018, implemented the Apple Health (Medicaid) PDL – a single preferred drug list for five Managed Medicaid plans



Goal to **standardize entire list by 2020** without disrupting care for patients on existing medications



Phased quarterly roll-out of PDL by drug class; **team implemented list for 27 drug classes in 2018**, prioritizing categories by utilization and rebate potential



Initial feedback has been **overwhelmingly positive**; standard PDL reduces administrative burden for providers and patients switching plans

1) Utilization management.

2) Prior authorizations.

Plans must consider collective HCP preferences

Three factors inform level of payer influence over HCP behavior

Level of plan influence



1 HCPs' culture of medicine

- Reliance on evidence and willingness to adhere to clinical guidelines
- Relationship with patients and caregivers
- Attitude towards new/alternative therapies
- Preferences for devices/procedures

“The west is more progressive in its physicians' willingness to manage disease and its emphasis on evidence [relative to the east coast]. Western care sites will allow midlevel practitioners to do more... New England has been slower to adopt these values.”

Pharmacy Director, *Large Regional Health Plan*

2 Provider dynamics

- Number of physicians and practice groups
- Prevalence of specialists and KOLs
- Involvement of community HCPs
- Presence of AMCs and Centers of Excellence; participation in clinical trials

“Who is doing the care? [This] informs how much control the payer has... Provider groups, particularly in imaging, demand that certain things be covered or they will threaten to leave the network.”

VP of HHS Consulting, *The Lewin Group*

3 Level of shared risk

- Integration with provider network
- Financial risk agreements (upside, downside)

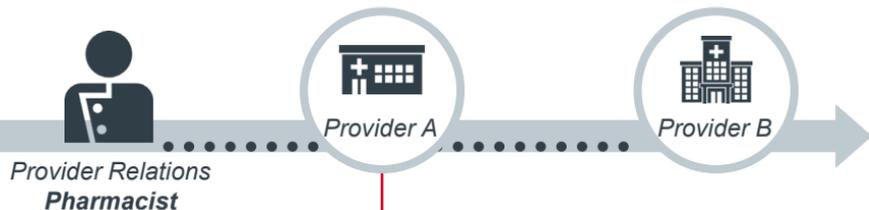
“Because of our relationship with our provider parent... when we put guidelines in place, we want to follow the local standard of care.”

CMO, *Large Provider-Sponsored Health Plan*

Stealing a page from the MSL playbook

Some health plans deploy pharmacists to engage HCPs directly

BCBS Vermont's pharmacist delivers pharmacy data to providers



Pharmacist responsibilities



Share pharmacy scorecard that compares the clinicians' costs to **peer benchmarks**

Sample scorecard metrics:

- Formulary adherence rates
- Total pharmacy costs



Present on **provider-requested topics** at practice lunch-and-learns

Sample provider-requested topics:

- Formulary diabetes drug options
- Targeting members for MTM¹



Pharmacist program results

1,159

Providers reached by pharmacist, 2018

69%

Success rate in switching diabetes medication, 2018

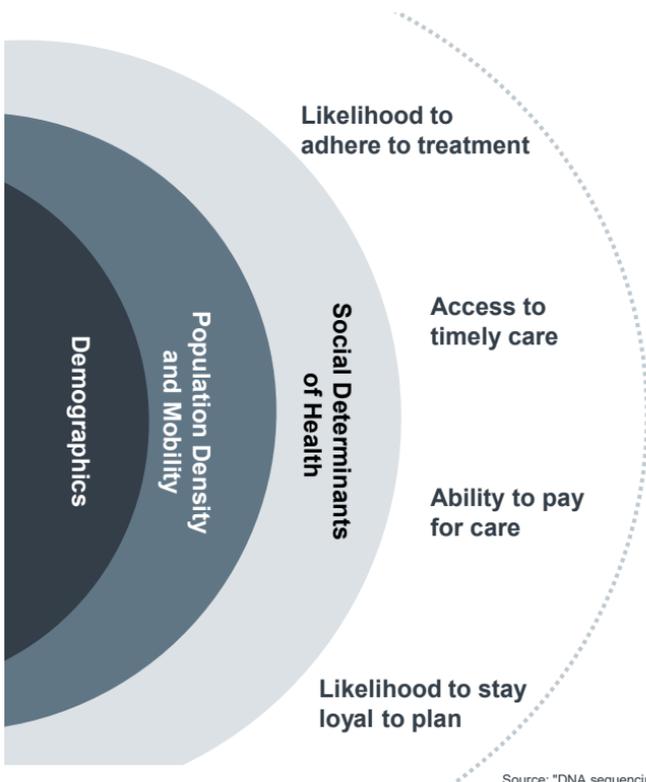
\$100K+

Saved by BCBSVT from members participating in MTM, 2018

1) Medication Therapy Management.

Broadening definition of unmet need forces trade-offs

Local market characteristics influence priorities for value-added benefits



Plans address multi-layered impact of population DNA on health costs

Geisinger Health Plan pilots population-wide genomic testing

- Expects 10-15% of patients to benefit from early detection of cancer and heart disease

UnitedHealthcare, Anthem, Kaiser and regional payers invest millions in affordable housing

- Expect to reduce acute care costs (average \$2400 per patient) and ED utilization associated with homelessness



Beyond demographics and geography—the interplay of government, employers, HCPs and micro populations in a local market impacts how payers perceive value

1. What ‘local ecosystem’ insights do your field teams bring back to the corporate office?
2. How do those insights change the way medical and commercial communicate with clinical customers?
3. How can you facilitate greater internal knowledge-sharing about the interplay among major actors within local markets?

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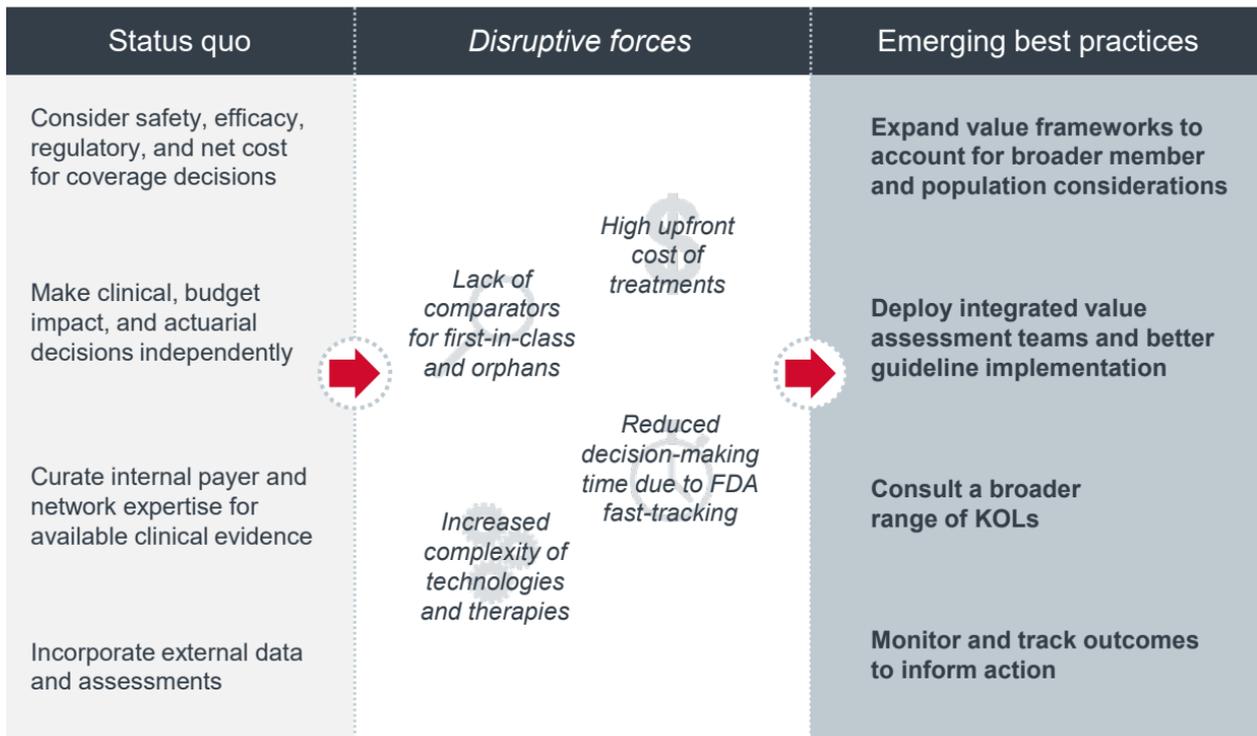
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How will the value framework evolve?

Complex questions about the role of payers in value delivery amid changing payment models, market dynamics and political uncertainty **will shape value discussions 3-5 years** from now

Payers are adapting their assessment processes

More complex therapies, coupled with limited evidence, demand change



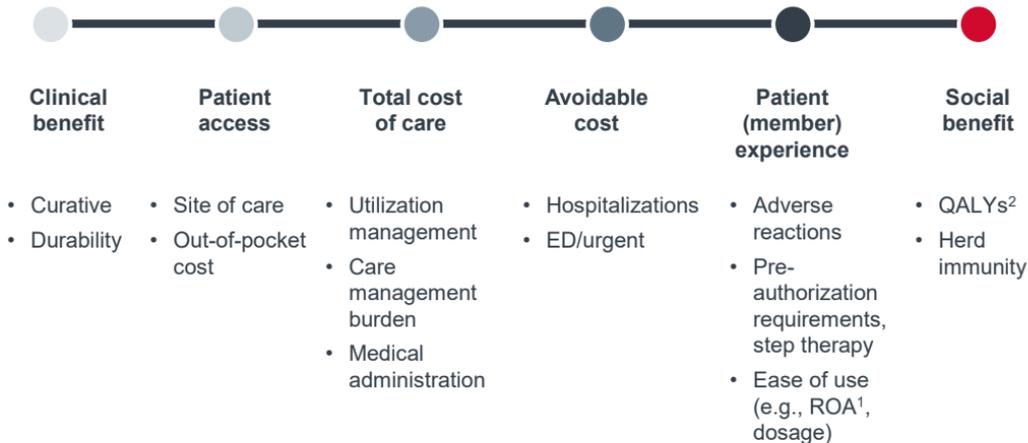
Most plans agree on value drivers – in theory...

Few have a 'rubric' for weighing factors within and across drivers

Standard Framework

1. Is it safe and effective according to peer-reviewed studies, and has it been approved?
2. Do we have to cover it?
3. What's the best way to cover the treatment that optimizes for budget impact?

Evolving framework of medical value assessments



1) Route of administration.
2) Quality-adjusted life years.

Third party HTAs¹ weigh in on value

Scale and scope of support has evolved well beyond passive reports



Regulatory

Traditional HTAs at the state and/or federal level, making coverage decisions for public entities

Name you know: VA CHOIR, Oregon HERC

Rising in influence: Washington State HTA Program, Louisiana Department of Health



Policy

These policy and PR engines aim to influence regulations and, more broadly, the national conversation around pricing and coverage

Name you know: ICER
Rising in influence: AHRQ



Advocacy

Patient and provider advocates create clinical guidelines to promote high quality, standardized care at the national level

Name you know: NCCN
Rising in influence: AMCP



Advisory

Emerging advisors form continuous relationships with individual orgs via consultative and analytic decision support, coupled with traditional product/category assessments

Name you know: ECRI Institute, Hayes Inc.
Rising in influence: Lumere, IPD Analytics

← *Market-wide adoption* *Org-specific implementation* →

1) Health Technology Assessment organizations.

Next generation HTAs expand payers' visibility

Migrating from static reports to dynamic, embedded platforms



IPD Analytics

"The right lessons from the past can help you plan for and predict the future."



Lumere

"We aim to democratize access to comprehensive clinical evidence."

Payer pain point

- Lack of future market visibility
 - New entrants
 - Loss of exclusivity
- Difficulty with optimal comparison sets

- Incomplete product, category knowledge
- Limited insight into recalls, reported AEs¹
- Physician buy-in and compliance

Solutions

- Aggregates disparate data sources on clinical trials, pipelines, regulatory filings, past launches, and relevant IP cases to help payers' assess impact of market changes and anticipate future scenarios
- Provides real-time legal, regulatory, clinical alerts
- Legal, pharmacy experts advise on relevant comparisons and category definitions

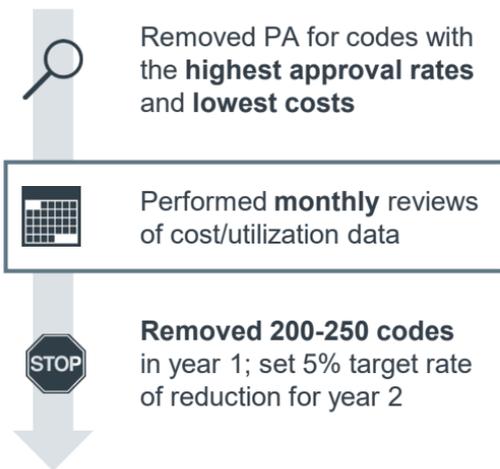
- Web-based analytics platform combines broad base of clinical evidence with product details as well as pricing and cost data
 - Covers 30,000+ drugs/devices
 - Draws on 120,000 journal articles, plus relevant data on recalls and adverse events
- Monitors physician utilization, spotlights variation
- Integrates into product, category evaluation workflows

1) Adverse events.

Real-time reviews flag spikes in utilization

Allows payers to increase patient access by cutting prior authorizations

Indigo Health Plan's¹ PA removal process



Benefits of monthly data monitoring



- ✓ Quickly identifies increases in utilization or costs
- ✓ Allows plan to establish triggers to prevent spikes in utilization
- ✓ Gives physicians more real-time feedback, rather than 3-6 month lag
- ✓ Recognizes high-performers sooner

0 Spikes in cost or utilization

416 Total PA codes removed over 2 years

40% Total reduction in PA codes over 2 years

1) Pseudonym.

Payers are breaking down traditional internal and external silos to build new capabilities and perspectives that drive ‘smarter’ decisions



1. When do you need to engage multiple stakeholders within payer/provider organizations in discussions about value?
2. Where do you focus your HTA strategy today?
3. How might the growing influence and expanded purview of HTAs impact your approach to engaging third-party ‘influencers’?

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Payers want evidence to direct appropriate use

In the absence of clarity on who and when, payers default to net cost



Payers cite many reasons for rejecting evidence

- The evidence isn't strong enough: the study is too short, too small, or not replicated yet
- The study population is so different than their own
- Information about the site of care (e.g., hospital, PCP office, trial center) is not included in the study
- The study design (e.g., algorithm, economic model) is not transparent
- The outcome is dependent on many factors, including adherence



Complex questions will shape the future value equation

- 1 How do you **stratify populations to match** each patient to the best therapy?
- 2 What **time horizon matters** when measuring value endpoints?
- 3 Who **gets credit** for delivering value to patients?

Some plans will pay more now to save costs later

Use claims, EHR data to revise access protocols, scope appropriate use

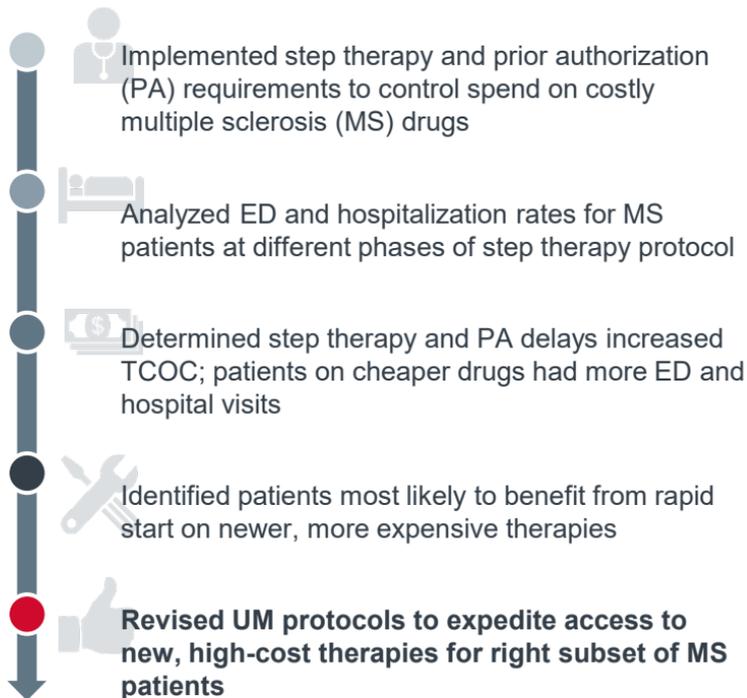
Expanding access can lower total cost of care (TCOC)

CASE EXAMPLE

Gallagher¹ Health Plan

Nationally-recognized PSHP² with 600,000 members

- Churn far lower than comparable plans, allowing for longer time horizon for realizing value
- Recently reviewed cost, quality impact of access restrictions on multiple sclerosis drugs

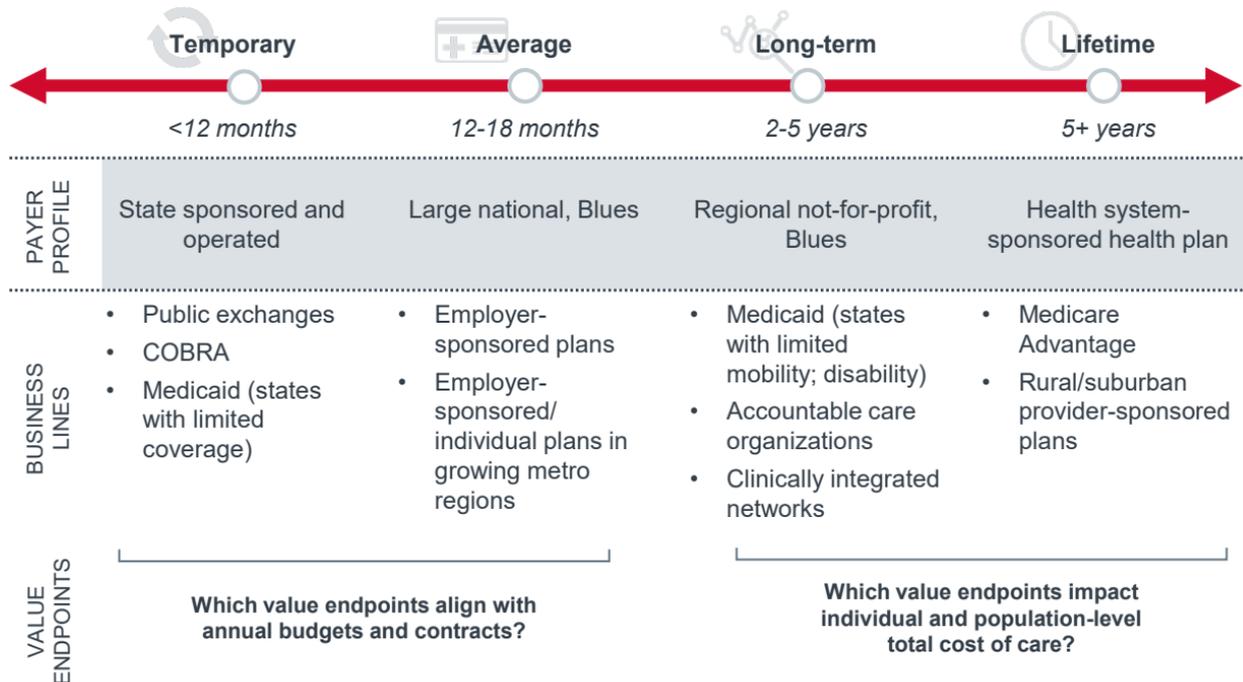


1) Pseudonym.

2) Provider-sponsored health plan.

12-18 months is not the default for medical value

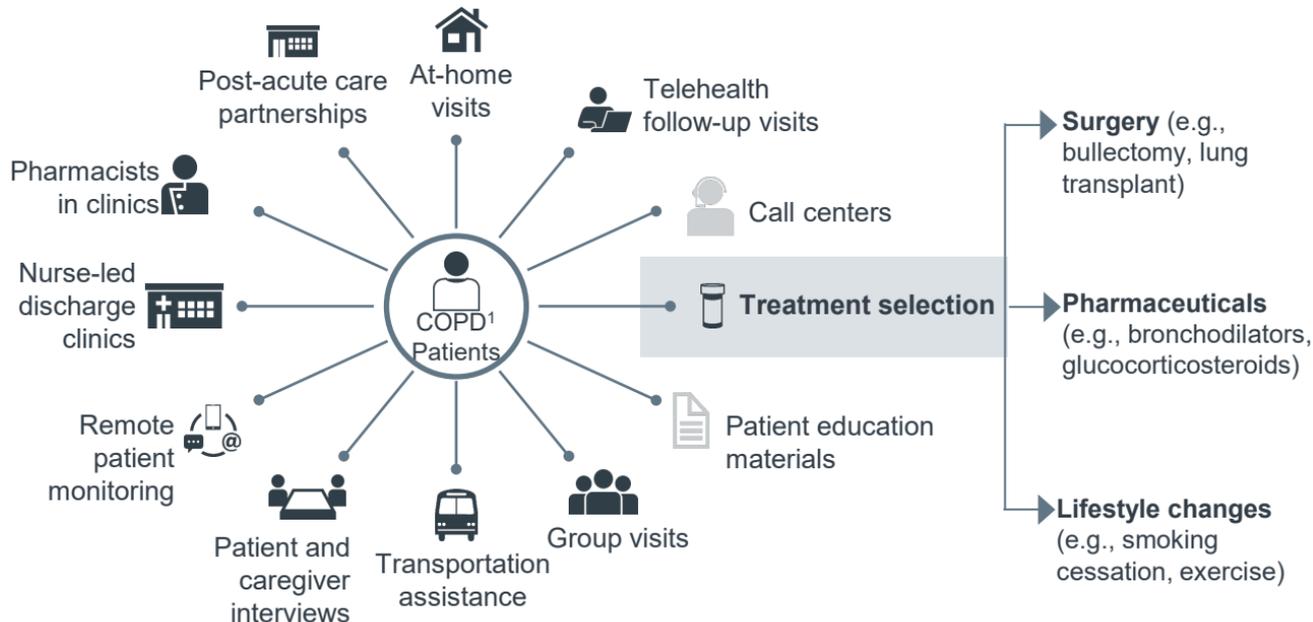
Align value end points to meaningful time-to-impact horizon



Cost accounting for avoided readmissions is hard

Prepare to acknowledge plan and provider role in realizing value

Key elements in a COPD readmission reduction plan



Complex questions about the role of payers in value delivery amid changing reimbursement models, market dynamics and political uncertainty will shape value discussions 3-5 years from now



1. How do you adapt study designs to address payer concerns about comparators, timelines or appropriate populations?
2. What is medical's role in generating evidence that aligns with innovative payment models?

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